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Journal of Animal Science and Technology (Revised Edition 2016)

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Book

- **AOAC.** 2005. Official Methods of Analysis of AOAC International. 18th ed. Assoc. Off. Anal. Chem., Arlington.
- Jay, J. M., M. J. Loessner, & D. A. Golden. 2005. Modern Food Microbiology. 7th ed. Springer, New York.

Journal

O'Neil, M. R., G. P. Lardy, L. P. Reynolds, J. S. Caton, M. L. Johnson, & K. A. Vonnahme. 2006. Effects of estradiol (E2) and linseed meal (LSM) on caruncular angiogenic factors in ovariectomized (OVX) ewes. Biol. Reprod. 75(Suppl. 1): 132 (Abstr.).

Priyanto, R. & E. R. Johnson. 2011. Muscle growth and distribution in fattening steer of different breeds. Med. Pet. 34:19-22.

Article in a Book

Launchbaugh, K., J. A. Pfister, S. Lopez-Ortiz, & R. Frost. 2007. Body Condition Affects Blood Alkaloid and Monoterpene Kinetics and Volun-tary Intake of Chemically-Defended Plants by Livestock. In: K. E. Panter, T. L. Wierenga, & J. A. Pfister (Eds). Poisonous Plants: Global Research and Solutions. CAB International, Wallingford. p. 394-400.

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- Scramlin, S. M., S. N. Carr, C. W. Parks, D. M. Fernandez-Dueñas, C. M. Leick, F. K. McKeith, & J. Killefer. 2008. Effect of Ractopamine level, gender and duration of Ractopamine on belly and bacon quality traits. Meat Sci.
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	Column head	Column head	Column head	Column head
Row head				
Row head				
Row head				

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- c. The title should be brief and clear. Only the initial word is capitalized, typed above the table, and numbered using Arabic number. The title for socio-economic should be completed with research time and location.
- d. Separating lines should be made horizontal (three lines) to separate head of column (treatment) and data, and closing line.
- e. Data should be completed with standard deviation (SD), standard error (SE), or coefficient of variation (CV) to figure out its variation.

- f. Footnote for statistical analysis should be written: "Means in the same column/row with different superscript differ significantly (P<0.05) or highly significant (P<0.01)".
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- Units of measurements use International System (IS).
- Abbreviations are written using standard Media Peternakan, as follows:

°C	degree Celsius
ANOVA	analysis of variance
ATP	adenosine triphosphate
cal	calorie
cfu	colony-forming unit
CoA	coenzyme A
CP	crude protein (N × 6.25)
CV	coefficient of variation
d	day(s)
DM	dry matter
DNA	deoxyribonucleic acid

Example of Table, Figure, and Graph

Tabel 1. The average of feed consumption, water consumption, egg production, and feed conversion of laying quail during 8 weeks

Variables	Treatments				
variables	T0	T1	T2	Т3	T4
Feed consumption (g/quail/d)	19.94± 0.61ª	19.99±0.66ª	19.40± 0.65ª	19.49± 0.49a	18.49± 0.44 ^b
Water consumption (mL/quail/d)	52.23± 6.96°	62.94±5.33 ^b	68.28± 5.44 ^b	60.27 ± 4.65^{b}	80.16± 5.33°
Egg production (%)	58.78± 2.72 ^a	59.04±1.79a	59.57± 1.92a	55.76± 4.74°	45.05± 2.07 ^b
Egg mass (g/quail)	524.80±27.32a	531.96±6.31a	521.23±16.42a	511.58±37.49a	409.23±24.42 ^b
Feed conversion	2.41 ± 0.39	2.21±0.12	2.24 ± 0.08	2.10± 0.15	2.06± 0.09
IOFC (Rp/egg)	158.31±11.89 ^a	159.41±8.18 ^a	165.96± 7.65a	146.33±22.61a	99.50± 6.97 ^b

Note: T0= Control diet (without piperine), T1= T0 + piperine 15 mg/kg BW, T2= T0 + piperine 30 mg/kg BW, T3= T0 + piperine 45 mg/kg BW, T4= T0 + piperine 60 mg/kg BW. Means in the same row with different superscripts differ significantly (P<0.05).

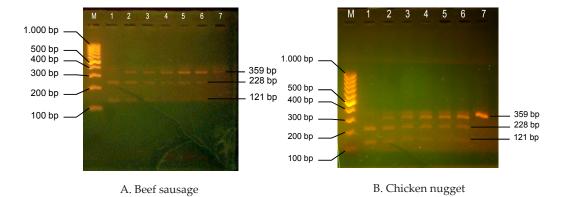


Figure 1. BseDI restriction profile of cytochrome b PCR product amplified from samples. (A) M= 100 bp ladder size standard; 1= pork (100%); 2= (beef 75%: pork 25%); 3= (beef 90%: pork 10%); 4= (beef 95%: pork 5%); 5= (beef 97% pork 3%); 6= (beef 99%: pork 1%); 7= beef 100%. (B) M= 100 bp ladder, 1= pork (100%); 2= (chicken 75%: pork 25%); 3= (chicken 90%: pork 10%); 4= (chicken 95%: pork 5%); 5= (chicken 97%: pork 3%); 6= (chicken 99%: pork 1%); 7= chicken (100%).

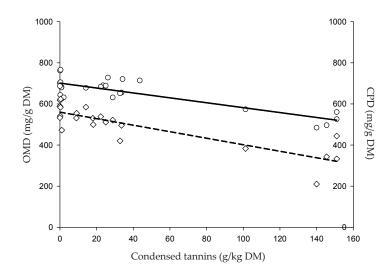


Figure 2. Relationships between dietary condensed tannin concentration and organic matter digestibility (OMD) (-o-, full regression line; OMD= 701.2 − 1.19 CT, P<0.001, R²= 0.701) and crude protein digestibility (CPD) (-◊-, dashed regression line; CPD= 559.7 − 1.59 CT, P<0.001, R²= 0.730) in the *in vivo* studies.

EDTA	ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid
F	F-distribution (variance ratio)
g	gram
GE	gross energy
GH	growth hormone
h	hour(s)
ha	hectare
hCG	human chorionic gonadotropin
HPLC	high-performance (pressure) liquid
	chromatography
Hz	hertz
IU	international unit
J	joule
L	liter
LD_{50}	lethal dose 50%
LSĎ	least significant difference
m	meter
ME	metabolizable energy
min	minute(s)
mo	month(s)
n	sample size (used parenthetically or in
	footnotes)
NDF	neutral detergent fiber
No.	number (use only in tables, not in the
	text)
NRC	National Research Council
P	probability
	± -

vs.	versus
W	watt
wk	week(s)
wt	weight (use only in tables, not in the
	text)
vr	year(s)

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MATERIALS AND METHODS RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

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s second(s)
SAS Statistical Analysis System

SAS Statistical Analysis System SD standard deviation (sample)

ribonucleic acid

indicate centrifugal force)

revolutions/minute (not to be used to

SE standard error sp. species subspecies

RNA

rpm

t t- (or Student) distribution TDN total digestible nutrients

UV ultraviolet V volt

VFA volatile fatty acid(s)

vol volume

vol/vol volume/volume (used only in

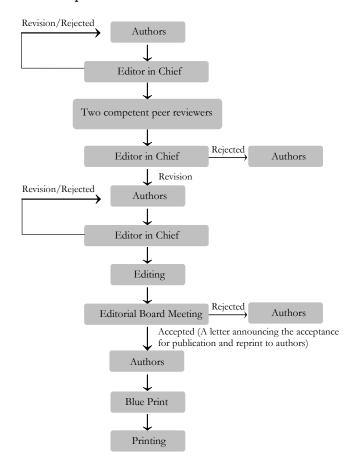
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